1605. Founding of Port Royal (Annapolis) Acadie (derived from an Indian word "Cadie," a place of abundance), by the Baron de Poutrincourt.

1608. Second visit of Champlain. Founding of Quebec, the first permanent settlement of New France. The name is said to be an Indian one, "Kebec," a strait. Twenty-eight settlers wintered there, including Champlain. Acadie transferred to Virginia.

1609. Champlain provided a garden at Quebec in which he cultivated maize, wheat, rye and barley, with vegetables of all kinds. He had a small vineyard of native

grapes. Lescarbot's Nouvelle France published.

1610. Henry Hudson wintered in James Bay, having spent three months in exploring Hudson Bay. Poutrincourt in Acadia.

1611. Jesuits arrived in Port Royal, Acadie.

1613. St. John's, Newfoundland, founded. Ottawa River discovered by Champlain.

Argall, of Virginia, destroyed Port Royal, Acadie.

1615. Lakes Huron, Ontario and Nipissing discovered by Champlain. (Champlain sailed up the Ottawa River, crossed Lake Nipissing and descended French River into Georgian Bay and Lake Huron, returning to Quebec by the way he came.

Récollet missions began. Four of the Grey Friars landed at Quebec in May.

1616. William Baffin explored Baffin Bay. First schools in Canada begun: one at three Rivers, and the second at Tadousac. In both cases the teachers were Récollet

Fathers. Champlain attacks the Onondagas.

1617. Canada invaded by the Iroquois. First marriage in New France.

1620. Population of Quebec, 60 persons.
1621. First mention of the name "Nova Scotia" in a grant of the province (including what is now Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and part of the State of Maine) to Sir W. Alexander by James I. First code of laws promulgated at Quebec. William de Caen in Canada.

1623. Nova Scotia first settled by the English. Gabriel Segard, first historian of Canada,

visited the country.

1625. Jesuits first arrived in New France. Order of Baronets of Nova Scotia created.

1626. Brébœuf founded a mission near Lake Huron.

1627. Canada, including Acadie, granted to the Company of "100 Associates" by the King of France. Feudal system established in New France.

1628. Port Royal (Acadie) taken by Sir David Kirke. Quebec summoned to surrender to the English. First arrival of Scotch settlers.

1629. July. Capture of Quebec by the English under Sir David Kirke. 117 persons

wintered there. Treaty of Susa between Great Britain and France. 1631. Luke Fox made a voyage to Hudson Bay. Capt. Thomas James also made a voyage thither and wintered in 1631-2 at Charlton Island, James Bay.

1632. Canada, Cape Breton and Acadie restored to France by the Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye. Champlain appointed the first Governor of Canada. First school opened in Quebec. Champlain published his consolidated narratives, and in his map the falls of Niagara are first noted. Jesuits' Relations begun, extending

to 1679. 1634. July 4. Town of Three Rivers founded. First seigniory granted. Jean Nicolet's

exploration through the great lakes of the St. Lawrence.

1635. Marquis de Gamache founded Jesuits' College in Quebec. Lake Michigan discovered by Nicolet. December 25; death of Champlain at Quebec. 1637. De Sillery founded school and home for Indians near Quebec. 1638. First earthquake on record in Canada.

1639. Ursuline Convent founded at Quebec. Hotel Dieu founded in Quebec by Duchesse D'Aiguillon. 1640. Lake Erie discovered by Chaumonot and Brébœuf.

Raymbault and Jogues reached Lake Superior.

1641. 1642. May 18. Ville Marie (Montreal) founded by Maisonneuve. Fort Richelieu (now

Sorel) founded by Montmagny.

1642-1667. Frequent and serious wars between the French and the Iroquois Indians.

1644. Hotel Dieu, Montreal, founded.
1645. The "100 associates" transferred the fur trade to the people of Canada.
1647. Lake St. John discovered. Governor and Council appointed to direct public affairs in New France. First white man went down the St. Lawrence River through the 1,000 Islands.

1654. Acadie taken by the English.
1655. Treaty of Westminster, restoring Canada and Acadie to the French.
1657. Acadie transferred to Sir Wm. Temple. Canada made a Vicariate Apostolic. Sulpicians arrived.

 1659. M. de Laval, first Roman Catholic Bishop of Canada, arrived from France.
 1663. Company of '100 Associates' dissolved. Royal Government established. Courts of Law. Great earthquake in the lower St. Lawrence region. First